

**Remark.** For simplicity of notation, I will denote *permutation* and *combination* of  $n$  choose  $r$  by

$$P_n^r := \frac{n!}{(n-r)!} \text{ and } C_n^r := \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}, \text{ respectively.}$$

## Chapter 1 Problems

Prob.1.8 If a word of length  $n$  has no repeating letters then the answer is simply  $n!$ . If, say, a letter appears twice in the word, then one should divide the factorial by  $2!$  because order of identical letters doesn't matter. Now back to the question: *Fluke* simply has  $5! = 120$  arrangements. *Purpose* has a pair of  $p$  and a pair of  $o$  so the answer is  $7!/(2!2!) = 1260$ . *Mississippi* has four  $i$ 's, four  $s$ 's, and a pair of  $p$ . It's total length is 11. The answer is therefore  $11!/(4!4!2!) = 34650$ . *Arrange* is the same as *Purpose*.

Prob.1.10

- (a) Simply  $8! = 40320$ .
- (b) There are 14 ways to arrange these two people. The other 6 can sit freely once  $A$  and  $B$  have sat down. The answer is  $14 \cdot 6! = 10080$ .
- (c) If men sit at odd numbers then we have  $4! \cdot 4!$  arrangements. If women sit at odd numbers we have another  $4! \cdot 4!$ . Thus the total number is  $2 \cdot 4! \cdot 4! = 1152$ .
- (d)  $5! = 120$  ways to arrange the 5 men. Then the rest can sit freely.  $5! \cdot 3! = 720$ .
- (e) Treating each couple as a "block" first, we have 4 blocks and 24 arrangements for these blocks. Within each block there are 2 possibilities.  $24 \cdot 2^4 = 384$ .

Prob.1.11

- (a)  $6! = 720$ .
- (b) Use the "block" strategy again:  $3! \cdot (1!2!3!) = 72$ .
- (c) Still the "block" strategy but with 4 blocks (one for novels, one for each remaining book):  $4!3! = 144$ .

Prob.1.15 First we choose these people:  $C_{10}^5 \cdot C_{12}^5$  options. Then to pair them off we have  $5!$  options. Thus the total number is  $C_{10}^5 \cdot C_{12}^5 \cdot 5!$ .

Prob.1.23  $3! \cdot 2^3 = 48$ .

Prob.1.26 This is a terrible amount of computation. . .

$$\begin{aligned} (x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3)^4 &= \sum_{i+j+k=4} \binom{4}{i,j,k} x_1^i (2x_2)^j (3x_3)^k \\ &= x_1^4 + 8x_1^3x_2 + 12x_1^3x_3 + 24x_1^2x_2^2 + 72x_1^2x_2x_3 + 54x_1^2x_3^2 \\ &\quad + 32x_1x_2^3 + 144x_1x_2^2x_3 + 216x_1x_2x_3^2 + 108x_1x_3^3 + 16x_2^4 + 96x_2^3x_3 + 216x_2^2x_3^2 + 216x_2x_3^3 + 81x_3^4. \end{aligned}$$

Prob.1.33

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- (a) This is the same thing if we subtract all the requirements from 20000 and divide everything by 1000 just for simplicity. Then we have 9 dollars and we need to invest or not invest them in 4 opportunities. This is then equivalent to investing 13 dollars in 4 opportunities, each having at least 1 dollar invested. By stars-n-bars the answer is  $C_{12}^3 = 220$ .
- (b) Similar to above, except we analyze case by case. Without the first opportunity, it's  $C_{13}^2$ . Same for the second one. Without the third and fourth, the possibilities are  $C_{14}^2$  and  $C_{15}^2$ , respectively. Adding them together,

$$C_{12}^2 + C_{15}^2 + C_{14}^2 + C_{13}^2 + C_{13}^2 = 572 \text{ possibilities.}$$